#### Perpetual Carbon pellet-volume ≤ 3m<sup>3</sup> PCX205-230

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According to EC-Regulations 1907/2006 (REACH), 1272/2008 (CLP) & 2020/878

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1	Product identifier				
	Product name	Perpetual Carbon / Carbonised wood pellets			
		(in volume ≤ 3m²) 20.5-23 MJ/kg.			
	Product code	PCN205S, PCN210S, PCN230S, PCC230T, PCR230T, PCP210T, PCP230T, PCB210T, PCB230T			
	Unique Formula Identifier (UFI)	None assigned.			
1.2	Relevant identified uses of the sul	bstance or mixture and uses advised against			
	Identified use(s)	Perpetual Carbon is a renewable carbon-based product which can be used as a combustible, a reduction or (coking) coal replacement or as an additive to (building) materials to sequester the carbon for carbon sequestration. It is made from forestry and agricultural residues which are thermally treated in an oxygen deficient environment.			
	Uses advised against	Not for human or animal consumption.			
1.3	Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet				
	Company identification	Perpetual Next			
		Kraanspoor 36			
		1033 SE Amsterdam			
		The Netherlands			
	Telephone number	+31 20 308 5910 (Netherlands)			
	E-mail (competent person)	argo.tonuri@baltania.ee (Estonia, Vägari site).			
		dilsen-stokkem@perpetualnext.com (Belgium, Dilsen-Stokkem site)			
1.4	Emergency telephone number				
	Emergency telephone number	+372 508 0144 (Estonia, Vägari site).			
		Vägari site office hours: 8 am – 5 pm.			
		+32 479 66 15 73 (Belgium, Dilsen-Stokkem site).			
		Dilsen-Stokkem site office hours: 8 am – 5 pm.			
	Languages spoken	English and Estonian (Estonia, Baltania site).			
		Dutch and English (Amsterdam site, Dilsen-Stokkem site).			

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#### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

2.1	Classification of the substance or mixture	
2.1.1	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Eye Irrit. 2, H319.
		STOT SE 3, H335.
2.2	Label elements	According to regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP).
	Product name	Perpetual Carbon/biochar.
	Contains	Carbon.
	Hazard pictogram(s)	
	Signal word(s)	WARNING
	Hazard statement(s)	H319: causes serious eye irritation.
		H335: may cause respiratory irritation.
	Precautionary statement(s)	P261: avoid breathing dust.
		P280: wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
		P304+P340: IF INHALED: remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
		P312: call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.
		P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: rinse cautiously with water for several
		minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
		P337+P313: if eye irritation persists: get medical advice/attention.
	Supplemental information	Not applicable.
2.3	Other hazards	Flammable product used as a fuel. Flames and smoke may not always be generated as a sign of combustion. May form combustible or explosive dust concentrations in air. Handling of this material may generate a dust which can cause mechanical irritation of the eyes, skir nose and throat. Self-heating may occur if product is transported in bulk (volume > 3m <sup>3</sup> ) or stored in non-airtight packagings and exposed to air flow.

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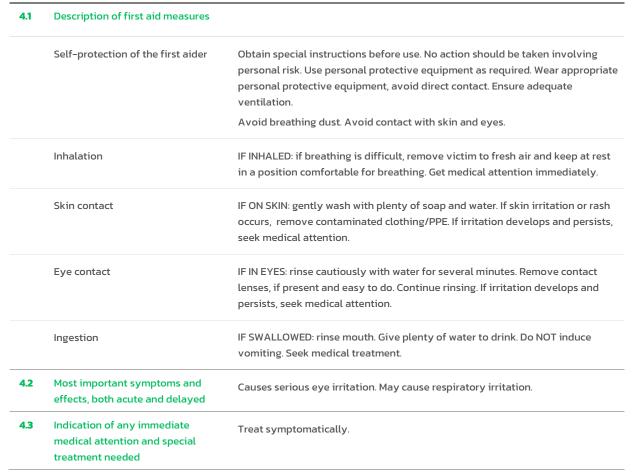
# **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

EC classification regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP).

Chemical identity of the substance	%W/W	CAS No.	EC No.	REACH registration No.	Hazard classification
Carbon	>65	7440-44-0	231-153-3 (240-383-3)	Not yet assigned in the supply chain	Eye irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335

For full text of H phrases see section 16.

# **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**



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# **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

5.1	Extinguishing media	
	Suitable extinguishing media	As appropriate for surrounding fire. Use water, CO <sub>2</sub> , dry chemical or foam.
	Unsuitable extinguishing media	None known.
5.2	Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	Combustion of this product is unlikely to produce a flame, the product will smoulder and combust at high temperature in certain circumstances without visible smoke or flames. Product may re-ignite after fire is extinguished.
		Explosion: may form combustible or explosive dust concentrations in air. Avoid dust generation. Fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Combustion products: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide.
5.3	Advice for firefighters	Beware of flameless combustion, beware of carbon monoxide. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Fire fighters should wear complete protective clothing including self-contained breathing apparatus. Keep containers cool by spraying with water if exposed to fire. Avoid run off to waterways and sewers. Use of water to prevent generation of dust clouds.

# SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1	Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Caution: spillages may be slippery. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures. No action should be taken involving personal risk. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment, avoid direct contact. Avoid breathing dust. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove contaminated clothing and wash all affected areas with plenty of water. Avoid dust generation. Maintain air gap between stacks or pallets. Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form a flammable or explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration.
6.2	Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Do not allow to enter drains, sewers or water courses.
6.3	Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	Provided it is safe to do so, isolate the source of the leak. Sweep spilled substances into containers if appropriate moisten first to prevent dusting. Use non-sparking equipment when picking up flammable spill. Collect mechanically and dispose of according to section 13. Use non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area and wash spill site after material pick-up is complete.
6.4	Reference to other sections	See section: 8, 13.

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# **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

7.1	Precautions for safe handling	Flammable product. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Provide adequate ventilation when using the material and follow the principles of good occupational hygiene to control personal exposures. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse. Maintain air gap between stacks or pallets when applicable.
7.2	Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Keep only in original packaging. Self-heating may occur if product is stored in non-airtight packaging. Do not expose product to air flow. Ensure adequate ventilation in storage room. Keep container closed if applicable. Keep away from moisture. Oxygen depletion and carbon monoxide emission can occur when material is stored in a confined space. Ensure oxygen and carbon monoxide monitors are worn and activated when entering storage room. Access routes for fire-fighting must be free.
	Storage temperature	Store in a cool/low-temperature, dry place away from heat and ignition sources.
	Incompatible materials	Keep away from oils, acids and strong oxidising agents.
7.3	Specific end use(s)	See section: 1.2.

# SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1	Control parameters	
8.1.1	Occupational exposure limits	The UK HSE (EH40) recommends the following limits for dusts: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8hr TWA) total inhalable dust, 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8hr TWA) total respirable dust.

Substance	CAS No.	LTEL (8 hr TWA ppm)	LTEL (8 hr TWA mg/m²)	STEL (ppm)	STEL (mg/m²)	Note
Vinyl acetate	108-05-4	5	17.6	10	35.2	IOELV, WEL
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	128-37-0	-	10	-	-	WEL

Source: WEL (Workplace Exposure Limit – UK HSE EH40), OELV (Health and Safety Authority, Code of Practice, 2020 – Ireland), IOELV (Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Value – EU).

8.1.2	Biological limit value	Not established.
8.1.3	PNECs and DNELs	Not established.

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8.2	Exposure controls	
8.2.1	Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation, including appropriate local extraction if dusts, fumes or vapours are likely to be evolved. Avoid breathing dust. Ensure that dust-handling systems (such as exhaust ducts, dust collectors, vessels, and processing equipment) are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment). Maintain air gap between stacks or pallets. Keep cool
8.2.2	Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment	Keep good industrial hygiene. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment, avoid direct contact. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke at the work place. Avoid breathing dust.

Protective clothing should be selected specifically for the working place, depending on concentration and quantity of the hazardous substances handled. The resistance of the protective clothing to chemicals should be ascertained with the respective supplier.

	Eye/face protection	Wear eye protection with side protection (EN166). Eyewash bottles should be available.
	Skin protection	Hand protection: recommend wearing of impervious gloves (EN374). Gloves should be changed regularly to avoid permeation problems. Breakthrough time of the glove material: refer to the information provided by the gloves' producer. Protective index 6, corresponding >480 minutes of permeation time according to EN 374. Suitable material: nitrile rubber.
		Body protection: wear dust-resistant protective clothing.
	Respiratory protection	Not normally required. Wear suitable respiratory protective equipment if processing involves working in areas where significant concentrations of dusts or vapours are likely to be evolved. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.
	Thermal hazards	Not applicable.
8.2.3	Environmental exposure controls	Avoid release to the environment.

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# **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

9.1	Information on basic physical and chemical properties	
	Physical state	Pellets.
	Colour	Dark brown to black.
	Odour	None/woody/smoky.
	Melting point/freezing point	No data available.
	Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	No data available.
	Flammability (solid, gas)	Explosion: dust from pellets may form combustible or explosive dust concentrations in air.
	Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Maximum explosion pressure (Pmax) = 9.6 bar. Coefficient of pressure rise (Kst) = 179 bar.m.s-1. Maximum Rate of Pressure Rise (dP/dt)max = 658 - 660 bar.s-1. St Class = 1. Layer ignition temperature = 270°C. LIT value (270°C), minus 75°C safety factor = 195°C. MIT value (440 - 460°C), minus 1/3 safety factor = 293 - 307°C.
	Flash point	Capacitive & inductive MIE = in the range of 20 – 25 mJ and 80 – 100 mJ. No data available.
	Auto-ignition temperature	Self heating classification not applicable if transported in volume of no more than three cubic meters. Product is being transported and stored in volume of $\leq 3$ m <sup>3</sup> . Product may generate self heating combustion if transported in bulk (volume > 3 m <sup>3</sup> ) or stored in non-airtight packagings and exposed to air flow.
	Decomposition temperature	No data available.
	рН	No data available.
	Kinematic viscosity	No data available.
	Solubility	No data available.
	Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water (log value)	No data available.
	Vapour pressure	No data available.

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	Density and/or relative density	No data available.
	Relative vapour density	No data available.
	Particle characteristics	No data available.
9.2	Other information	
	Evaporation rate	No data available.
	Explosive properties	Dust from pellets may form combustible or explosive dust concentrations in air
	Oxidising properties	Not oxidising.
	Moisture content	≤10%.
	Particle size	Pellet diameter: 6 mm, pellet length: up to c. 30 mm.
	Loss on drying	No data available.
	Form	Round cylindrical pellets.
	Colour	Brown to black.
	Net CV dry	20 – 23 MJ/kg.
	Bulk density	500 – 650 kg/m3.
	Mechanical durability	90 – 99%.
	Minimum Explosive Concentration (MEC)	40 – 50 g/m <sup>3</sup> .

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# **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1	Reactivity	Stable under normal conditions.	
10.2	Chemical stability	Stable under normal conditions.	
10.3	Possibility of hazardous reactions	Self-heating possible when transported in bulk (volume >3 m³) or stored in non- airtight packagings and exposed to air flow. Hazardous polymerisation will not occur. May form combustible or explosive dust concentrations in air. May generate concentrations of CO in bulk.	
10.4	Conditions to avoid	Keep away from ignition sources, excess airflow, heat and moisture. Avoid dust formation.	
10.5	Incompatible materials	Keep away from acids and strong oxidising agents.	
10.6	Hazardous decomposition products	Combustion products: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide.	

# SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1	Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008		
	Acute toxicity - ingestion	Mixture: based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Calculated acute toxicity estimate (ATE) >2,000 mg/kg.	
	Acute toxicity - inhalation	Mixture: based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Calculated acute toxicity estimate (ATE) > 5 mg/L (dust).	
	Acute toxicity – skin contact	Mixture: Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Calculated acute toxicity estimate (ATE) >2,000 mg/kg.	
	Skin corrosion - irritation	Mixture: based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
	Serious eye damage - irritation	Mixture: eye irrit. 2, H319: causes serious eye irritation.	
	Carbon	Eye irrit. 2, H319: causes serious eye irritation. EU classification and labelling inventory.	
	Respiratory or skin sensitisation	Mixture: based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
	Germ cell mutagenicity	Mixture: based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
	Carcinogenicity	Mixture: based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
	Reproductive toxicity	Mixture: based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.	

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	STOT - single exposure	Mixture: STOT SE 3, H335: may cause respiratory irritation.	
	Carbon	STOT SE 3, H335: may cause respiratory irritation. EU classification and labelling inventory.	
	STOT - repeated exposure	Mixture: based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
	Aspiration hazard	Mixture: based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
11.2	Information on other hazards		
11.2.1	Endocrine disrupting properties	Not applicable.	
11.2.2	Other information	None known.	

# **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

12.1	Toxicity	Mixture: based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Estimated LC50 (Mixture): >100mg/l.	
12.2	Persistence and degradability	No data for the mixture as a whole.	
	Carbon	No data.	
12.3	Bioaccumulative potential	No data for the mixture as a whole.	
	Carbon	No data.	
12.4	Mobility in soil	Stability expected, no data for the mixture as a whole.	
	Carbon	No data.	
12.5	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	None of the substances in this product fulfil the criteria for being regarded as a PBT or vPvB substance.	
12.6	Endocrine disrupting properties	Not applicable.	
12.7	Other adverse effects	None known.	

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# **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

13.1	Waste treatment methods	While generally a benign and stable material do not allow to enter drains, sewers or watercourses. Disposal should be in accordance with local, state or national legislation.
13.2	Additional information	Avoid release to the environment.

# **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

		ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA/ICAO
14.1	UN number or ID number	None assigned.	None assigned.	None assigned.
		For single packaging unit	For single packaging unit	For single packaging unit
		smaller than 3 m <sup>3</sup>	smaller than 3 m <sup>3</sup>	smaller than 3 m <sup>3</sup>
		UN1361, if transported in	UN1361, if transported in	UN1361, if transported in
		volume greater than 3 m³	volume greater than 3 m³	volume greater than 3 m³
14.2	UN proper shipping name	None assigned.	None assigned.	None assigned.
		CARBON, animal or	CARBON, animal or	CARBON, animal or
		vegetable origin (only if	vegetable origin (only if	vegetable origin (only if
		transported in volume	transported in volume	transported in volume
		greater than 3 m³).	greater than 3 m³).	greater than 3 m³).
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	None assigned.	None assigned.	None assigned.
		4.2 (only if transported in	4.2 (only if transported in	4.2 (only if transported in
		volume greater than 3 m³).	volume greater than 3 m³).	volume greater than 3 m³)
14.4	Packing group	None assigned.	None assigned.	None assigned.
		III (only if transported in	III (only if transported in	III (only if transported in
		volume greater than 3 m³).	volume greater than 3 m³).	volume greater than 3 m³)
14.5	Environmental hazards	Not classified.	Not classified as a marine	Not classified.
		pollutant.		
14.6	Special precautions for user	See section 2:		
		In cases where product bags are damaged during transport, the material must be re- packed in packaging with volume less than 3 m³ because of the possible self-heating hazard arising from volume greater than 3 m³.		
		hazara anoing nom votame	3	
14.7	Maritime transport in bulk		Not applicable.	Not applicable.
14.7	Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	Not applicable.	_	Not applicable.
14.7 14.8			_	Not applicable. None known.

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# **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

15.1	Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture	
15.1.1	EU regulations	
	Authorisations and/or restrictions on use	Not restricted.
15.1.2	National regulations	
	Germany	Water hazard class: NWG (self classification).
15.2	Chemical safety assessment	According to the REACH SIEF final report phase 1, the product is exempt from REACH registration.

# **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

The following sections contain revisions or new statements: not applicable.

#### References:

Previous version Safety Data Sheet: Product\_MSDS\_PERPETUAL CARBON pellet-volume ≤ 3m3 PCX205-230 EN\_V1.0 Previous version Safety Data Sheet – Biocoal Pellets MSDS v7 14122020 EU classification and labelling inventory for Carbon (CAS No. 7440-44-0) Test Result: Biocoal – Thermal stability testing, Report issue date – 17th March 2020, Report number – S3016005479R1/2020 Test Result: Biocoal Pellets – Ignition Sensitivity, Explosion Severity & Thermal Stability Testing, Report issue date – 2nd April 2020, Report number – S3016007148BR1/2020 IMSBC Code 2018 Edition – Wood torrefied page 386 – 387 REACH SIEF Final Report Phase 1

# EU Classification: This Safety Data Sheet was prepared in accordance with EC Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH), 1272/2008 (CLP) & 2020/878.

Classification of the substance or mixture according to regulation Classification procedure

(EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)		
Eye irrit. 2 - H319	Threshold calculation.	
STOT SE 3 - H335	Threshold calculation.	

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Legend		
ADR	ADR: European Agreement concerning the Inte	ernational Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service	
DNEL	Derived No Effect Level	
EC	European Community	
EN	European Standard	
EU	European Union	
ΙΑΤΑ	International Air Transport Association	
ICAO/IATA	ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization	n/IATA: International Air Transport Association
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods	
LC50	Lethal concentration 50	
LD50	Lethal dose 50	
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic	
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration	
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Re	estriction of Chemicals
TWA	Time Weighted Average	
UN	United Nations	
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative	
WGK	Wassergefährdungsklasse (Germany)/water h	azard class
Hazard classificatio	on/classification code	Hazard statement(s)
Eye irrit. 2: eye irritat	tion, category 2	H319: causes serious eye irritation.

STOT SE 3: specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 H335: may cause respiratory irritation.

Training advice: consideration should be given to the work procedures involved and the potential extent of exposure as they may determine whether a higher level of protection is required.

#### Disclaimers

Information contained in this publication or as otherwise supplied to users is believed to be accurate and is given in good faith, but it is for the users to satisfy themselves of the suitability of the product for their own particular purpose. Perpetual Next gives no warranty as to the fitness of the product for any particular purpose and any implied warranty or condition (statutory or otherwise) is excluded except to the extent that exclusion is prevented by law. Perpetual Next accepts no liability for loss or damage (other than that arising from death or personal injury caused by defective product, if proved), resulting from reliance on this information. Freedom under patents, copyright and designs cannot be assumed.

#### Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Exposure scenarios are not applicable.